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All kinds of Photographic
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No. 24, Queen's Road Central
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The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1845

THE
OVERLAND CHINA MAIL
PUBLISHED EVERY
WEEK DAY.
Contains the Weekly News
of Hongkong and the
Far East.
Price (including Postage) to any
part of the world \$12.
per annum.

No 17,132

號六十月四年八十壹百九千壹英

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, APRIL 10, 1918.

午戌次設年七國民華中

PRICE \$3.00 Per Month

THORNE'S
OLD VAT
No. 4.
SCOTCH WHISKY.

SOLE AGENTS:
A.S. WATSON & Co. Ltd
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
HONGKONG.
Tel. 516.



NOTICE.

ANY EUROPEAN NON ASIATIC or
INDIAN desiring to leave the
Colony should apply in person at the
Central Police Station between the hours
of 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
daily.
Applicants will be required to produce
Passports or identification papers. All
persons, with certain exceptions, who
remain in the Colony for more than
7 days are required to register them-
selves under the REGISTRATION OF
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1916. Forms
of Registration giving the particulars
required may be obtained at the G.P.O.
and at all Police Stations.
The Penalty for non compliance is a
fine not exceeding \$50.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE
INSURANCE CO.
WHICH ARE THE TERMS OF
OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE
COMPANY, Ltd.,
and
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS
ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS at 31st DECEMBER, 1914.
\$23,970,367.
I—Authorized Capital \$5,000,000
Subscribed Capital \$4,000,000
Paid-up Capital \$2,437,800
II—Fire Funds..... 3,837,947
III—Life & Annuity Funds..... 17,897,590
Sinking Fund Account..... 128,238
\$23,970,367
Revenue Fire Branch..... \$2,331,456
Life and Annuity..... 2,141,583
Revenue Marine Department..... 837,233
Other Receipts..... 478,941
\$5,389,213

The Accumulative Funds of the various
Branches are separately invested, and, by
Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet
the claims under the respective Depart-
ments of the Company's Business.
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
Agents.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY,
LIMITED
TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAY
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes
11.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes
12.00 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes
1.00 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 15 minutes
2.15 p.m. to 2.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes
2.45 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes
3.00 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes
3.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes
NIGHT CARS
8.50 p.m. and 9 p.m. 9.30 p.m. to 11.00
p.m. every half hour
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of
an hour
SATURDAY
7.30 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes
11.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes
12.00 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes
1.00 p.m. to 1.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes
1.30 p.m. to 2.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes
2.00 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes
2.30 p.m. to 3.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes
3.00 p.m. to 3.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes
3.30 p.m. to 4.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes
NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

Enter Car at 12 midnight.
SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the
Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDING,
Des Voeux Road Central.
Season and punch tickets available for
all cars not already full running at the
discretion of the Company's time tables,
but not for special cars, and be obtained
on application at the Company's Office.
No Season tickets will be issued until
payment therefor has been made in Bank.
Notes or by Cheque or Company order
representing Bank Note.
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON
General Managers.

BUSINESS NOTICES
W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.
ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.
KOWLOON BAY.
Steam and Motor Vessels,
Steel Building Work of every Description,
Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO
STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT
CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the following revised Passage
Fares between Hongkong & Canton will come into force on 15th March, 1918.

	Dayboats.	Nightboats.
Saloon, Single	\$5.00	\$7.00
Return	8.00	12.00
2nd Class, Single	2.00	1.80
Deck	1.00	.90

In addition to the above, for the convenience of the travelling public a special
1st Class Return Ticket at Hongkong Currency \$11. and Chinese Currency \$11.50
available one way by Railway and the other by the Company's vessels will also
be issued.
HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.
Sailings:—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 10 p.m.
From Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 4 p.m.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.
HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.
Sailings:—To Macao daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays 9 a.m.) and
2 p.m. (Sundays 1 p.m.).
From Macao daily at 7.30 a.m. and 2 p.m. (Sundays 3 p.m.).

Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, Hotel Mansions,
or from Messrs. T. M. Cook & Son, Booking Agents, Hongkong.



OUR GIANT
LAVENDER
TALCUM

Is rapidly becoming as popular
as our well-known Lavender
Water. Blended with the
Purest and Softest Powder, is
the Sweet Fragrance of Laven-
der, and the Effect on the Skin
is Delightfully Cooling and
Soothing.

1-lb. Size Price \$1.00.

A. S. WATSON &
CO., LTD.,

HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Tel. 16

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.
Established 1883
MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE Manila ROPE

STRAND 3" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE.	CABLE LAY 5" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE.	4-STRAND 8" to 10" CIRCUMFERENCE.
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Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length

Prices, samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to

Shewan, Tomes & Co. General Managers.

Hongkong, April 11, 1918.

THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED)

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON
FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have
over thirty years' experience. We own two slipways and can accommodate any craft
of 300 tons long.

Town Office, 40, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong. Telephone No. 44
Wharf Office, 20, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong. Telephone No. 8
Telegrams transmitted on application.

Boat No. 1, April 1, 1918.

WONG PING WA

BUSINESS NOTICES

TAIKOO DOCKYARD.
BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
—THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY—
—OF HONG KONG LTD.—
AGENTS:—
—TELEGRAPHIC AD.—
—TELEPHONE 412—
—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE—

SPILL WEEK IS HERE!

Six Prizes in every
hundred Spills.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.
PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

GENERAL MANAGERS.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL
AND
GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART
MANAGER.

THE PEAK HOTEL.

1,500 Feet above Sea Level.

15 Minutes from Landing Stage.

Under the Management of—

Mrs. BLAIR.

TO THOSE GOING AWAY

Keep in touch with local happenings

by subscribing to

"THE OVERLAND CHINA MAIL"

All the News of Hongkong and the Far East.

ORDER BEFORE YOU LEAVE, SO THAT YOU MAY RECEIVE
IT WHILE AWAY.

Form \$15 PER ANNUM, INCLUDING POSTAGE.

CAN BE MAILED TO ANY ADDRESS FROM THE

"CHINA MAIL" OFFICE.

THE GREAT BATTLE IN
FLANDERS.

DESPERATE FIGHTING CONTINUES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

BRITISH OFFICIAL
REPORTS.

FIGHTING AT NEUVE EGLISE.
BRITISH COMPELLED AGAIN
TO WITHDRAW.

SEVEN ENEMY ATTACKS
REPULSED AT MERVILLE.

London, April 15.
Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig
reports:—

There was severe fighting through-
out the day yesterday around Neuve
Eglise.

After beating off numerous at-
tacks, we were finally compelled to
withdraw a second time from the
village.

There were strong enemy attacks
in the afternoon at a number of other
points of the battle-front.

There was fierce fighting north-
westward of Merville. German in-
fantry being driven back with great
loss.

Hostile infantry advancing along
the northern bank of the Lys Canal
were caught by our artillery fire and
were unable to develop an attack.

There were no fewer than seven
enemy attacks during the day in the
Merville sector.
All were repulsed with heavy
enemy loss.

In one case the enemy advanced
to the assault in five waves. Under
the weight of this attack our line
was bent back slightly, but a
counter-attack completely restored it.

Parties of the enemy south-west-
ward of Baillieux temporarily pen-
etrated our positions, but were driven
out and the line was restored. There
were successful minor operations at
night-time eastward of Robecq, and
we took 150 prisoners.

Fighting occurred this morning in
the neighbourhood of Hungard, where
we improved our position, capturing
a number of prisoners.

Hostile artillery was active in the
neighbourhood of Bucquoy.

FRENCH OFFICIAL
REPORTS.

MINOR OPERATIONS.

London, April 15.
A French communiqué states:—
We captured ten prisoners in a
perfectly successful minor operation
in the region of Hangard, where we
have taken 150 prisoners since the
18th instant.

We made several raids between
Montdidier, Noyon, south of Mont
Tutu and Champagne and brought
back prisoners.
Enemy attempts north of Chemin-
des-Dames and south-east of Corbeny
were unsuccessful.

A GERMAN COMMUNIQUE.

London, April 15.
12.25 a.m.

A wireless German official report
states:—
On the battle-field of the Lys we
gained ground and penetrated the
enemy position south-westward of
Wulverghem.

We stormed and captured Nie-
wokerke after a desperate struggle
with the English counter-attacking
troops.

We took possession of the height
westward of Nieuwokerke.

Fighting took place with variable
results near Baillieux.

We captured Meris and Vieux
Berquin.

Enemy tanks pushing forward
towards the battle-field sustained
heavy losses.

An attack by several French bat-
talions against Hainville was signifi-
cantly repulsed. We took many prisoners.
We carried out a successful thrust
against the Americans northward of
Mihail, inflicting heavy losses. We
brought back prisoners.

We have shot down by enemy
aeroplanes during the last few days

PRESS CORRESPONDENTS'
REPORTS.

HOPES OF A TURN OF THE TIDE.

London, April 15.

While the crisis is not yet past,
the fact that, like a stone wall,
France has successfully held the
German onslaughts for 48 hours
gives hopes of a turn of the tide.

The Germans are still bringing up
reserves, and are heavily concentra-
ting between Arras and Albert. The
roads are blocked by unending anti-
tank processions of men and guns,
on whom tons of bombs are being
dropped.

All the Correspondents testify to
the magnificent tenacity of the
Allies, some of whose units have
been continuously in action since
March 21st.

AWESOMING SCENE ON
THE BATTLE FRONT.

Mr. Percival Phillips says:—

The enemy can no longer hope to
break through. The men are very
cheerful. The scene in the battle-
field is awesome. A pall of smoke
overhangs for 40 miles and the plain
is covered by flaming villages.
Shells are breaking on others, like
white-topped waves which break
against rocks, gradually crumbling
them.

The atmosphere is heavy with the
acid fumes of explosives. The thin
lines of Khaki are hardly visible
through the muck which is studded
by flashes of immemorial guns.

Mr. Perry Robinson, another Press
Correspondent, says:—

The enemy's attacks have lost
their original momentum. They
have suffered terribly by our guns.
There may still be surprises, but the
second German blow has definitely
failed. The original plan was to
break through the British Army and
to smash a way to the Coast. The
attack was only to be shifted to
another part, in the event of failure.
Therefore, the attack on Amiens was
itself a confession of failure.

GALLANT FRENCH TROOPS.

HOW A RETIREMENT WAS
CHECKED.

London, April 15.
1.30 a.m.

Reuter's Correspondent at French
Headquarters, writing on the 15th
inst., says:—

The recent tactical withdrawal
upon the line of the Ailette was a
complete success. It was note-
worthy for the gallantry of the troops
in covering a difficult movement,
which was effected without the loss
of a single cannon or machine-gun.

The village of Bauris lies in the
middle angle of the territory which
was evacuated. The dominating
point was a hill crowned by the
castle of Coucy-le-Chateau, the finest
European specimen of Medieval
military architecture. While the
troops were retiring the defenders
of this castle were ordered to hold
on at all costs. Small parties of the
enemy advanced into the gully lead-
ing to the height of Coucy-le-
Chateau, dense waves following
them. The French machine-guns
lined both sides of the gully, 80 of
them firing continuously for 48 hours
from the 8th to the 9th of April
over a million rounds. When the
French retired the valley was grey
with German corpses. The Com-
pany Commander ordered a check
as the Germans were dangerously
advancing up other ravines. He
collected forty crack grandiers and
pushed the enemy back several
hundred yards, pursuing them until
they could be preceded at a range
of three yards.

(Continued on Page 5.)

INTIMATIONS

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
MACAO.

NOTIFICATION.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that during two months, counting from the date of publication of this Notification in the "Boletim Oficial," TENDERS for "STUDY OF WATER SUPPLY" in this Colony will be received. The tenders addressed to the Council of Administration of Public Works must be received in this Department within the above-specified time.

The Conditions of the Work are open for inspection in the Portuguese Consulate all week days.

THE ENGINEER DIRECTOR.
FARIA & MAIL.
Public Works Department,
Macao, 4th April, 1918.

THE DAIRY FARM CO., LTD.

APPLICATION has been made to the Directors of this Company to issue to WALTER DOUGLAS GRAHAM of Hongkong (deceased) a Duplicate Certificate of Sixty Shares in the Company or other Certificate or Certificates in lieu thereof upon the statement that the Original Certificate No. 1908 for shares numbered 29775/29834 and dated 11th January, 1908, has been LOST or DESTROYED. AND NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that if within 30 days from the date hereof no claims or representations in respect of such Original Certificate is made to the Directors they will proceed to deal with such application for a Certificate.

M. MANUR,
Secretary.
Dated 4th day of April, 1918.

THIRD LIBERTY LOAN.

THE SUBSCRIPTION LIST for the THIRD LIBERTY LOAN of U.S. \$3,000,000,000 carrying interest at 4 per cent per annum, closes in America on 4th May, 1918.

The International Banking Corporation is prepared to receive applications up to 25th April on the following terms:

- 5 % on application.
- 20 % on 21st May.
- 35 % on 11th July.
- 40 % on 8th August.

and will also grant loans against this security.

Hongkong, April 10, 1918.

DRY-CLEANING.

BEFORE putting away your winter clothing have it DRY-CLEANED to prevent damage from moths, silverfish, grease spotting, etc. The trifling cost repays itself in the economy effected.

All work done under special process by an expert. Satisfaction guaranteed.

THE EASTERN DYEING

AND

DRY-CLEANING CO.,

J. N. MEHTA,
Agent.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.

INTIMATIONS

WANTED.

CHIEF ENGINEER for a Chinese Steamer. B. of T. or Foreign 1st Class Engineer's Certificate essential. Apply Box 2002.

C/O 'CHINA MAIL' LTD.
Hongkong, April 10, 1918.

WANTED.

TWO MARINE ENGINEERS with Shop experience to act as Workshop Foremen, also a Foreman Marine Boiler-Maker and a Foreman Ship Carpenter to take up duties in Shanghai. Address all communications to N. V. Z.

C/O 'CHINA MAIL' Office.
Hongkong, April 10, 1918.

WANTED.

EUROPEAN LADY, resident or daily, to look after 2 children of 7 and 8 years.

Apply—
Mrs. GALE,
109 The Peak.
Hongkong Mar. 23, 1918.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED have Removed to No. 71, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL near corner of Fothering Street.

WING SUN & CO.
High-class Tailors and Outfitters.
Tel. 467.
Hongkong, April 13, 1918.

ASAHI BEER



SOLE AGENTS:
MITSUI BUSSAN KAISEI.
TELEPHONE 230 & 135

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

SAUSAGES.

A Variety to suit all Tastes.
OXFORD SAUSAGES.
CAMBRIDGE
PURE
LIVER
POLOUNE, BRAD CHEESE.
BLACK PUDDING.
WHITE
d.c., d.c., d.c.

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location

ALL REQUISITE TRAM PANS, Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting, European Bath and Sanitary Fixings, Hot and Cold Water System throughout. Best of Food and Service.

TELEPHONE 373

RENOVATING ADDRESS

VICTORIA J. WITCHILL,
Manager.

MARTIN'S

APIOL & STEEL

PILLS

A French Remedy for all Rheumatic, Gouty, Gravel, and other ailments. It is the only medicine that cures these diseases. It is a French Remedy for all Rheumatic, Gouty, Gravel, and other ailments. It is the only medicine that cures these diseases.

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A French Remedy for all Rheumatic, Gouty, Gravel, and other ailments. It is the only medicine that cures these diseases. It is a French Remedy for all Rheumatic, Gouty, Gravel, and other ailments. It is the only medicine that cures these diseases.

TANG YUK DEETTER, successor of

the late SUN TING

16, D'ARAGON STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE

Consultants in fine

KEATING'S

KILLS

BUGS

FLEAS MOTHS

BEETLES

TINS 3 & 6

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSON.

15, Morrison Hill Road.

LESSONS IN CHINESE

MR. LI HUN YAN, a Chinese Graduate in Literature, has been a teacher in Europe and has been a teacher in Europe.

He is a good teacher of Chinese and English. He is a good teacher of Chinese and English.

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WILLS' "CAPSTAN NAVY CUT" CIGARETTES.

Fresh Stocks of

MAGNUM SIZE

"CAPSTAN NAVY CUT" CIGARETTES

HAVE ARRIVED IN THE COLONY AND

ARE NOW ON SALE AT ALL

TOBACCONISTS.

THIS ADVERTISEMENT IS ISSUED BY

BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO CO., LTD.

SIR BEAUCHAMP DUFF'S LAST DUTY.

REPLY TO MESOPOTAMIA INDICTMENT.

That General Sir Beauchamp Duff at the moment of his death was in the act of formulating his defence—as required by the Army Council—to the strictures made in the Report of the Mesopotamia Commission was a point revealed at the request of this distinguished officer at Westminster. The jury found that he died from an overdose of veronal taken by misadventure for the purpose of producing sleep.

Sir Beauchamp, whose age was 62, was formerly Commander-in-Chief in India and he was found dead at the Gledonian Club, St. James's Square, W. Douglas Gardner Duff, a son, said his father had been adversely referred to in the Report of the Mesopotamia Commission, and this had considerably affected him.

He had been relieved of his command—Yes; it was rather indefinite, but in effect, he had been relieved of his command.

Was he subject to an inquiry which was about to be held by the Army Council?—Yes; I do not know whether inquiry is quite the right word, but the position was the Army Council referred to the Report of the Mesopotamia Commission and asked the people who were concerned in the Report to put in a defence of the indictment, and he was in process of formulating his defence at the moment of his death.

Did he have assistance in that, do you know?—Yes he had instructed Sir Chas. Russell, solicitor.

UNABLE TO SLEEP.

Mr. Duff said that his father had complained of his inability to sleep, but he was not aware that Sir Beauchamp suffered from insomnia before the Mesopotamia affair.

His father regarded the Commission's Report as grossly unfair, and was anxious that the evidence should be published in extenso. He was also anxious to complete his defence. He was of opinion that if the evidence could not be published in full the greater part of it could be.

Was it his opinion that if it was published the public might take a different view of it?—Yes, unquestionably.

Ideal for Your Little Ones.

Every careful parent will insist that medicine given to children should be absolutely pure, safe, gentle and free from narcotic drugs. Baby's Own Tablets, the Canadian children's remedy, are guaranteed not to contain one atom of any harmful drug or opiate. One tiny tablet easily crushed between thumb and finger is a sufficient dose for an infant from the day of its birth to six months old. Elder children in proportion.

The first effect of Baby's Own Tablets is to act gently and kindly on the bowels. Then they soothe, console, and remove calm natural sleep. Baby's Own Tablets are recommended for teething troubles, constipation, diarrhoea, colic, indigestion, fever, worms. They promote good appetite and regular development.

Obtainable from chemists or post free 2/6 per bottle from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 90 Bechen Street, Shanghai.

Did he ever say anything about suicide. Yes, but simply more or less generally. When the Report first appeared, I saw him shortly afterwards, and we discussed as some length the whole situation which had been created. I cannot say exactly what his words were, but he said to me that whatever happened he would never take his life. I might add that it was totally repugnant to his whole idea of life.

Further evidence showed that when Sir Beauchamp retired to rest on Saturday night at the Gledonian Club, his valet left him reading in bed. On the following morning he was found dead in bed. The medical evidence was to the effect that death was due to an overdose of veronal. A bottle that had contained the tablets was found on the table.

"O.C. CHINKS."

WITH THE LABOUR GANGS.

By VERNON BARTLETT, Author of "Mad and Khaki."

I have met an officer the existence of whose job I had never imagined. I guessed in turn that he was Town Major, Intelligence Officer, B.T.O., Signalling Officer, D.A.Q.M.G., D.A.A.G., Ordnance Officer, and Heaven knows what else besides, and when I paused in exhaustion he informed me that he was "O.C. Chinks."

"If you have the misfortune to find yourself on a horse," he said, "soughing your way along the muddy roads of Flanders, you may come across me among my men—the cheeriest lot of fellows in the world." At the first sight of them working in the flat swamps you will rub your eyes in amazement, and if you are sufficiently sure of your power of horsemanship you may even go as far as to pinch yourself to make sure that you are not dreaming of the fields of China.

After the long lines of motor-lorries and the solidly British soldier it must be more than a little astonishing to come round a bend in the road and find yourself surrounded by Chinks.

"Of course, in a short time you get used to the sight of them, with their hibiscus C.O.s and their British officers—men who have lived in the East, and who can talk, at any rate, one of their many dialects. But at first you are

especially impressed by two things—their cheeriness and the variety of their headgear. They are always smiling, even in the beastliest of weather, and their comical effect is enhanced by the fact that, although most of them wear workmen's plain blue overalls, they have every sort of hat you can imagine—khaki caps, those gorgeous sort of hats you always see in pictures of Chinese, buttered bowlers, civilian cloth caps, Belgian hats, French hats, discoloured straw hats, and I have even seen one man in what was once a top hat.

They have other peculiarities. Their affection for jack-knives and brass buttons is astonishing, and they will pay fabulous sums for such treasures. They live in troops of their own, but if ever one of them has an opportunity of approaching a Tommy the chances are that in a flash he will cut off one of the soldier's buttons and will hold out money in exchange. One of my tasks is to stop such trafficking—a very difficult thing to do when a 'Chink' will pay a handsome sum for an 'empty' brass cartridge case.

"So far as work is concerned they are excellent so long as you do not try to 'hustle' them. Nothing on earth will make them hurry, just as nothing on earth appears to vex them. They may seem slow, but they are so methodical and steady that they get through any amount of work. You have perhaps heard the story of the first Chinese battalions who were put on to the task of moving a pile of stones from one place to another. Rumour has it that each Chinaman took the stones one by one, carried them to his destination, and then unloaded them one by one while their exasperated officers fumed in vain. I don't answer for the truth of the story, but it cannot be so very greatly exaggerated.

"All the same," concluded the "O.C. Chinks," "I've run up against a variety of cheeky people in this war, but I haven't found one I never shall find anyone half as cheeky as the Chinaman."

—Daily Mail.

INTIMATIONS

G. FALCONER & CO., LTD.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Hotel Mansions.

Agents for ADMIRALTY CHARTS

ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,

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ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers

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DOODWELL & CO., LTD., QUEEN'S

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TIENTSIN, NORTH CHINA.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

A Great Factor in Food Economy.



Pure, full-cream milk enriched with all the nutritive extracts of selected malted barley and wheat in powder form. Every particle is wholesome, nourishing, it keeps indefinitely, and there is absolutely no waste. The addition of hot or cold water instantly forms a delicious food beverage as richly nutritious and so easily digested that it advantageously replaces unwholesome diets which require more digestive effort, yet at the same time it supplies fully nutritive value. It is therefore economical in all respects and suits all ages.

READY IN A MOMENT BY STIRRING BRISKLY IN HOT OR COLD WATER ONLY. NO COOKING REQUIRED.
Accept no substitute. There is nothing "just as good."

OF ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS.

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THE "CHINA MAIL" LTD.,

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TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO" HONGKONG.

Codes Used: A1, A.B.O. Fifth Edition, Engineering First and Second Editions, Western Union, and Watkins.

Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler-Makers,

Iron and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians.

AGENTS FOR CUTTING AND WELDING FOR SHIP AND BOILER REPAIR

Modern up-to-date plant operated by our own specially trained

workmen under expert European supervision.

All classes of light steel work manufactured by the above process.

Tanks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, &c., &c.

THE DIMENSIONS OF DOCKS AND SLIPS ARE AS FOLLOWS:					
NAME OF DOCK OR SLIP	LENGTH	ENTRANCE BREADTH	DEPTH OVER MILL AT ORDINARY SPRING TIDES	RISE OF TIDE	DEPTH OVER MILL AT ORDINARY SPRING TIDES
ALWILSON	200	100	10	10	10
No. 1 Dock, Wharves	200	100	10	10	10
No. 2 Dock, Wharves	200	100	10	10	10
No. 3 Dock, Wharves	200	100	10	10	10
Patent Slip, No. 1, Wharves	200	100	10	10	10
Patent Slip, No. 2, Wharves	200	100	10	10	10
TAIKOKE-SUI	100	50	5	5	5
Commodore's Dock	100	50	5	5	5
ATLANTIC	100	50	5	5	5
High Dock, Wharves	100	50	5	5	5
Low Dock, Wharves	100	50	5	5	5

OF ALL CHEMISTS

PRICES: \$1.25 and \$2.25

WATSON'S HYGIENOL

A HIGHLY CONCENTRATED AND PERFECTLY SAFE
DISINFECTANT.

The best preventative of
INFECTIOUS AND CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.

SOLD ONLY BY

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,

TEL. 16.

Today's Advertisements

In the Matter of THE COMPANIES' ORDINANCES 1911-1915

AND
In the Matter of THE PICTURE PALACE CO. OF CHINA, LTD.

(In Liquidation).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN in pursuance of Section 188 of the Companies Ordinance 1911, that a General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company will be held at the Office of the Liquidators, No. 5, Queen's Road Central, Victoria, Hong Kong, on Saturday the 18th day of May 1918 at 11 a.m. for the purpose of having an account laid before them showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, considering the report (if any) of the Official Receiver and hearing any explanations that may be given by the Liquidators; and also for determining by Extraordinary Resolution the manner in which the Books, Accounts and Documents of the Company, and the Liquidators thereof shall be disposed of.

Dated at Hongkong the 16th day of April 1918.

PFR. Y SMITH, SETH & FLEMING,
Liquidators.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Underigned have received instructions from the Administrator of the Estate of WILLIAM CHARLES PURCHAS to sell by Public Auction,

MONDAY,

the 29th day of April, 1918, at 12 Noon, at their Sales Rooms, No. 5, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,

THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES

Situate at Ma-tau-kok, Kowloon, in the Colony of Hongkong and registered in the Land Office as Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1094 and Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1109.

The Properties consist of:—
Lot 1.—All that piece or parcel of ground situate at Ma-tau-kok in the Dependency of Kowloon and Colony of Hongkong and registered in the Land Office as Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1094.

This Lot has an area of 100,000 sq. ft. or thereabouts and is held for the unexpired residue of the term of seventy-five years (renewable) created therein by an Indenture of Crown Lease dated the 28th day of November, 1901 subject to an annual Crown rent of \$800.

Lot 2.—All that piece or parcel of ground situate at Ma-tau-kok in the Dependency of Kowloon and Colony of Hongkong and registered in the Land Office as Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1109.

This Lot adjoins Lot 1, has an area of 45,000 sq. ft. or thereabouts and is held for the unexpired residue of the term of seventy-five years (renewable) created therein by an Indenture of Crown Lease dated the 28th day of November, 1901 subject to an annual Crown rent of \$250.00.

Messrs. WILKINSON & GRIST,
Solicitors,

9, Queen's Road Central

on to

Messrs. HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers,

8, Des Voeux Road.

Hongkong, April 16, 1918.

(Continued on page 3.)

THE CALENDAR.

GENERAL MEMORANDA.

SATURDAY, April 20.—A p.m.—Marathon Race.

TUESDAY, April 23.—St. George's Day Celebrations.

FRIDAY, April 26.—Hongkong Stock Exchange Settlement Day.

MONDAY, April 29.—

Noon.—Sale of Kowloon leasehold properties by Messrs. Hughes and Hough.

23-11-1918

both British and American Naval experts are satisfied that the menace is being combated in a manner which warrants faith in the early extermination of the pirates.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Exchange was up this morning to 3s. 1 1/2d. on demand.

The 1917 dividend of the Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd., has been fixed at Tls. 2.50 per share, being at the rate of five per cent. of the paid-up capital.

The Eastern Extension Australasia and China Telegraph Co., Ltd., state that telegrams for, or via, the United Kingdom are at present subject to six days' delay.

We are asked to draw the attention of the public to the fact that it has now been finally decided to start the Performance "The Witness for the Defence" at 9 or 9.15 p.m. on Tuesday, the 23rd inst., and not at 8 p.m. as previously announced.

A Peking telegram to our Chinese contemporary mentions that the President is having a silver tripod made to present to H. K. The Governor of Hongkong as a mark of appreciation of the Colony's contributions to the famine Relief Fund.

Chinese newspapers report that a sum of about \$90,000 was recently stolen from the Dutch Legation in Peking. Two or three soldiers of the Legation Guard are said to be under suspicion and a Chinese bar-keeper is believed to have had a hand in this crime.

"Had our churches spent forty millions of dollars in missionary work in Russia during the last forty years, Democracy would have stood firm in the crisis brought about by the revolution," said Bishop James W. Bashford, Methodist Bishop in China, in a statement at New York recently.

While backing a motor car in Connaught Road Central opposite the General Electric Co's office this afternoon, the car and its occupants, Mr. Olsen and a friend, went over the wall. An Indian constable who was at the scene of the accident, immediately jumped into the water and rescued the men from their sorry plight none the worse for their experience except for a wetting. The car was, later on, hauled to terra firma by Coolies.

Dissatisfied with the delay in the payment of their allowances, seventy Chinese students in Tokyo stormed the Legation, there recently, and made a noisy demonstration in front of the buildings. The Minister, Mr. Chiang Chung-hsian, refused to see the students, who dispersed after being told by members of the Legation to wait patiently for the remittance of funds from Peking.

ST. GEORGE'S DAY PERFORMANCE

AT THE THEATRE ROYAL.

AUCTION OF SEATS.

The sale by auction, of seats in the Theatre Royal for the performance of "The Witness for the Defence" to be played on the evening of St. George's Day, was held in the Smoking Room of the Hongkong Hotel, to-day, at noon.

Mr. H. P. White, officiated as Auctioneer and made full use of his general powers of persuasion, to get bidders to "go one better" and it is a fine tribute to his persuasive powers that no less a sum than \$7,740 was realized, which is an increase of roughly \$3,700 on the total amount received for the sale of seats last year. Amongst the bidders were two very patriotic gentlemen, whose names we refrain from mentioning, because we know they would wish it, who bid, and had knocked down to them altogether six seats at a total sum of \$550. These seats were given to swell the funds and were put up again, and realized a further \$480, so that actually the six seats brought in a sum of \$1,030.

Amongst the highest bids were \$550 for four seats, \$330 for four seats, \$240 for two seats, and many bids ranging from \$150 to \$200. The average price for each seat was about \$130 and when the remaining seats are sold to the public the total sum realized by this effort will be something in the region of \$10,000.

After the seats in the theatre had been dealt with a copy of Mr. Hamilton's Camp Poems was put up for auction and realized \$80.

COMPANY MEETING.

THE HONGKONG ICE CO., LIMITED.

EXTRAORDINARY MEETING.

An extraordinary general meeting of the above Company was held in the offices of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Company, Limited, at 11 o'clock this morning for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit, passing extraordinary resolutions.

The Hon. Mr. D. LANDALE presided, and there were present the Hon. Sir Paul Chater, C.M.G., and the Rev. Father Robert, Consulting Committee, and Mr. R.M. Austin, (Secretary), and the Hon. Mr. Ho Fook, and Messrs. H. J. Gedge, H. W. Looker, C. W. Baswick, A. C. Davison, A. B. Stewart, T. Tod, D. M. Bernard and Lo Ching Shui.

The CHAIRMAN said:—Gentlemen—At the Annual General Meeting of this Company on the 27th March last, I stated that your General Managers had been approached by the Dairy Farm Company with a view to their acquiring the business and undertaking of this Company. A letter setting forth the main terms of the Provisional Agreement with the Dairy Farm Coy., entered into by your General Managers, has been duly circulated to all shareholders with the notice calling this meeting. Such terms provide for the acquisition of the undertaking and business of this Company in return for the issue to shareholders of eight shares of the Dairy Farm Coy., of \$7.50 each credited as fully paid in respect of each share in this Company.

It is proposed that our business be taken over from the 1st January last, and that the accounts of the working of the two Companies be kept separate until the 31st July next. Provided the profits made from such working justify such a course, an interim dividend equal to the interim dividend of \$2 per share which has been paid for the last three years will then be paid in respect of the Dairy Farm shares to be issued to Shareholders of this Company. After the 31st July the accounts of both businesses will be combined and the profits divided among Shareholders in the Dairy Farm Company of which the proposed future name is "The Dairy Farm, Ice and Cold Storage Co., Ltd." It is also a part of the arrangement that your General Managers shall receive 2,000 shares in the Dairy Farm Company of \$7.50 each credited as fully paid up in consideration of certain restrictive covenants entered into by them and by way of bonus as compensation for their loss of office. The Dairy Farm Coy. offer has been carefully considered by your General Managers and Consulting Committee who are of the opinion that such an amalgamation will be to the interest of the shareholders and recommend that they authorize the proposal.

If the amalgamation meets with your approval it will be necessary for the Company to be wound up voluntarily to enable the scheme to be carried out. This will not however, involve any disturbance of the business since the Dairy Farm Coy. will carry on the business of this Company after the resolutions approving the amalgamation have been confirmed at another Extraordinary General Meeting to be held in due course.

I now beg to propose the following resolutions, which will be open for discussion after they have been seconded:—

1. That it is expedient to effect an amalgamation of this Company with the Dairy Farm Company, Limited, and that with a view thereto this Company be wound up voluntarily and that Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Limited, be and they are hereby appointed Liquidators for the purpose of winding up.
2. That the conditional Agreement submitted to the meeting for the amalgamation of this Company with the Dairy Farm Company, Limited, upon the terms (inter alia) of the acquisition by that Company of the complete undertaking, business, goodwill and property of this Company in return for the issue to this Company of 52,000 shares of the Dairy Farm Company, Limited, of the nominal value of \$7.50 each credited as fully paid up (being eight shares of \$7.50 each of that Company for each share of \$25 each of this Company) and of the issue by the Dairy Farm Company, Limited, to Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Limited, the General

BOWEL COMPLAINT IN CHILDREN.

DURING the summer months children are subject to disorders of the bowels and should receive the most careful attention. As soon as any unnatural looseness of the bowels is noticed, Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy should be given. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

Managers of this Company (upon their entering into restrictive covenants which have been agreed upon and by way of bonus as compensation for their loss of Office as General Managers of this Company) of 2,000 shares of the Dairy Farm Company, Limited, of the nominal value of \$7.50 each credited as fully paid up and the same is hereby approved and that the Liquidators be and they are hereby authorized pursuant to Section 185 of the Companies Ordinance 1911 to adopt the said Agreement and carry the same into effect with such (if any) modification either before or after the execution thereof as the said Liquidators may think expedient.

The Hon. Sir PAUL CHATER seconded both resolutions, which were unanimously adopted.

That concluded the business of the meeting.

KILLED IN ACTION.

2ND LIEUT. R. D. LAMMERT.

We deeply regret to learn that Captain George P. Lammert has to-day received an official intimation accompanied by an expression of the Army Council's regret, that his second son, 2nd Lieut. R. D. Lammert, attached to the Gloucester Regiment, who was reported missing on March 23rd, is now ascertained to have been killed in action on that date.

Lieutenant Lammert, who was just 20 years of age, was educated at Wellesley and Allhallows School, Hongkong. He had spent upwards of seven years at the latter school (where incidentally it may be mentioned there are several other Hongkong boys) and he was exceedingly popular among his school fellows. In the school sports he especially distinguished himself at cricket. He left the school about a year ago and trained for a commission at Cambridge. On obtaining it he was attached to the Gloucester Regiment and went to France last January.

It may be assumed in the absence of precise information that his life was given in the great battle which began in the region of the Somme on March 21st. The sympathy felt for Captain and Mrs. G. P. Lammert and family when the first news was received will be deepened now that the door of hope has been closed.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

A Tokyo telegram announces the death of Baroness Goto, on the 8th inst.

Mr. A. D. Copeland, of the Chinese Customs, Tientsin, has died at the Northern port as the result of an accident with a motor cycle.

Mr. A. F. Chausse, of Tokyo, has received a cable from the War Office, London, stating that his younger son, Captain E. Barry Chausse, M.C., 3rd South Staffordshire Regt., attached to the Royal Flying Corps, was reported missing on 27th March.

Mr. J. T. Wynn is retiring from the Consular service and his place as acting British Consul at Nagasaki has been taken by Mr. B. Boulter. Mr. Boulter's place in the British Embassy in Tokyo as Assistant Japanese Secretary is taken by Mr. W. J. Davies, hitherto Student Interpreter. Mr. E. C. Greuter, retaining the acting Vice-Consulship at Hakodate, has been temporarily attached to the Tokyo Embassy.

News has reached Shanghai that Lieut. A. E. Parrott, son of Dr. and Mrs. A. G. Parrott, and formerly of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co., has been reported "missing, presumed captured." Lieut. Parrott was sniping officer on the Headquarters Staff of the 6th Divisional Sniping Co. In a recent letter he speaks of being engaged with a fellow officer, his second in command, in "spy tracking" in France.

THE EPIDEMIC.

The cases of cerebro-spinal fever reported yesterday numbered 10. There were six deaths. For the week ended April 13th, the total number of cases was 74 and the total deaths 67. All the cases were Chinese.

THE FORTY YEAR TEST.

An article must have exceptional merit to survive for a period of forty years. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has stood the test since its first appearance in 1872. From a small beginning it has grown in favour and popularity until it has attained a world wide reputation. You will find nothing better for a stomach or colic, try it and you will understand why it is a favourite remedy for so many years. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is for sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

THE MAGISTRACY.

ALLEGED UNLAWFUL POSSESSION.

A Chinese woman was charged before Mr. J. R. Wood this morning, with being in unlawful possession of the carcass of a pig valued at \$18.

An Indian constable stated that he saw the defendant and a man carrying a basket containing the carcass, at Pokfulam Road, early this morning. He shouted out to them to stop, but they ran away. Witness gave chase and arrested the defendant. The man escaped.

Defendant said the man who escaped, engaged her to carry the carcass. She produced a witness who corroborated her story.

Mr. Wood discharged the defendant.

EXPORTING OPIUM.

A Chinese pleaded not guilty when charged with attempting to export 51 taels of Government's opium without a permit.

It was stated by defendant's solicitor, Mr. Hall, that the defendant who was employed as a ship's carpenter, was requested by a commercial traveller on board the steamer, to buy the opium.

Evidence of the arrest was given by a Chinese constable who said the opium was found concealed in defendant's girdle.

Mr. Wood fined the defendant \$200 with the alternative of three months hard labour in default of payment.

ESTABLISHING A WIRELESS STATION WITHOUT A PERMIT.

Harry Shing and William Ming, two well-known members of the Chinese Y.M.C.A., were brought before Mr. Dyer Ball this morning, charged with erecting a wireless installation at 122 Des Voeux Road Central, without the sanction of H.E. the Governor.

Mr. E. Davidson who appeared for the defendants, applied for a week's remand.

Mr. T. H. King, A.S.P., said he had no objection to a remand as he thought the case would develop into a proof that it was a student's wireless installation for experimental purposes.

Mr. Dyer Ball remanded the case until next Tuesday, bail being fixed at \$1,000 each.

PLACING STONES ON THE PEAK TRAM LINE.

In Mr. Dyer Ball's court this morning a young Chinese was charged with placing stones on the Peak tram line, yesterday.

Mr. Smirke, Inspector of the Peak Tramways Co., said that yesterday at about half-past-three in the afternoon whilst one of the cars was passing Macdonell Road bridge, defendant and a gang of small boys were seen placing stones on the tram line. The car coiled about the boys and they ran away. Witness jumped off the car and chased them until the Pumping Station at Garden Road, where he managed to arrest the defendant. The other boys escaped. Witness added that a panic might have been caused had the car bumped over the stones at night-time.

Defendant denied having placed the stones there and suggested that he had been wrongfully accused.

Mr. Dyer Ball remarked that the defendant was a young scoundrel. He did not realize that by assisting other boys in placing stones on the tram line that he was imperilling the lives of people of all nationalities. Defendant was sentenced by ten strokes of the birch.

WAR-TIME SHIPPING PROFITS.

THE CHINA MUTUAL S.N. CO.

The Directors of the China Mutual Steam Navigation Co., Ltd. (Messrs. A. Holt & Co. Liverpool, Managers), announce:—A final dividend on the ordinary shares of 3 per cent., together with a bonus of 50 per cent., making 55 per cent. for 1917, at 6d. per share, making 9s. per share for the year on "B" ordinary shares, £100,000 to reserve, raising it to £250,000, and £290,000 forward against £285,971 brought in. For the years 1912 to 1916, 100 per cent. was paid each time, but in 1916 a special additional bonus of 100 per cent. was applied to paying off the 25 liability on the shares, making them £10 fully paid. The amount of the 50 per cent. bonus now declared is, therefore, equivalent to the 100 per cent. of the five preceding years, while the dividend of 3 per cent. is paid upon twice the amount of nominal capital.

THE FRUIT SEASON.

DOWEL complaint is sure to be prevalent during the fruit season. Be sure to keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy on hand. It may save a life. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

CANTON BRITISH WAR CONTRIBUTIONS.

A further sum of £340 subscribed by British residents in Canton has been remitted to London during February, March and April as undernoted:—
Blinded Soldiers and Sailors' Hostel (St. Dunstons) £100
Blue Cross Fund 10
British Red Cross Society 40
Lord Roberts' Memorial Fund 50
Officers' Families Fund 50
Prisoners of War Fund 200
Royal Flying Corps Hospital 40
Sailors' Widows and Orphan Fund 50

£340

A sum of \$200 was also transferred to British Red Cross local workers. Copies of the circular issued by the Committee, with regard to War Contributions can be obtained from the undersigned to whom further donations and subscriptions should be sent.

D. FORBES,

Hon. Treasurer,

c/o Hongkong Bank, Canton.

The following is a list of the Subscribers for the past three months:—

S. M. Bander, ...	3
F. G. Becker, ...	60
F. N. Bell, ...	75
G. Borras, ...	30
G. H. Bowker, ...	84.50
Rev. A. H. Bray, ...	15
Canton Club & Hongkong Derby, ...	32
E. C. Charrington, ...	15
C. ...	30
J. E. B. de Courcy, ...	75
A. ...	15
J. H. Crookes, ...	50
O. W. Darch, ...	515
H. F. Dent, ...	150
H. Ellis, ...	20
E. T. Ford, ...	150
D. Forbes, ...	120
Football Match, ...	408.00
E. A. C. Friederichsen, ...	15
Rev. C. Gaff, ...	15
F. G. Harris, ...	30
F. G. Harris, ...	30
G. ...	30
A. V. Hogg, ...	90
Dr. A. W. Hooker, ...	30
A. Hobson, ...	30
J. W. Jamieson, C.M.G., ...	30
Rev. F. Jenkins, ...	15
H. S. Kavanagh, ...	15
G. O. Kitching, ...	60
A. Komarov, ...	15
D. R. McEuen, ...	15
Rev. G. H. McNair, ...	7.50
C. N. Marshall, ...	75
A. ...	15
B. G. Matheson, ...	15
C. A. Peel, ...	60
G. L. Read, ...	1
A. H. Reid, ...	5
J. V. dos Remedios, ...	15
Dr. W. G. Reynolds, ...	15
H. H. Sandemann, ...	60
H. O. Serimshaw, ...	15
C. H. Shields, ...	325.95
H. E. Smith, ...	30
H. Staples Smith, ...	150
J. T. Smith, ...	30
R. H. Smyth, ...	30
W. G. States, ...	40
Rev. Geo. Tope, ...	30
E. C. T., ...	30
F. P. Vazania, ...	50
G. E. White, ...	30
R. J. White, ...	30
A. G. Wilson, ...	30
E. M. Wood, ...	60

\$3734.48 & £10

SPORT.

THE H.K.C.C. TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

The annual tennis tournament, held under the auspices of the Hongkong Cricket Club, commenced yesterday. The ground was rather sticky, after the recent rain, but if the present fine weather continues the courts will soon be in good condition. As a matter of fact, the rain has done more good than harm, for the turf had become very stony, and since the opening matches of the tournament are not from the interest, and players have the same handicaps with regard to wet courts, the recent rains were rather welcome. Six fixtures were played off yesterday, two are down for to-day and seven for to-morrow.

The matches played yesterday resulted as follows:—

HANDICAP SINGLES, "B."

F. Beverington (recs. 1/6) beat Asst. Paymaster Wright (recs. 1/6) 6-3, 6-2.

HANDICAP DOUBLES.

Major Ardino and J. Jennings (ows 4/6) beat Pr. Robinson and Surg. Parker (recs. 4/6) 6-4, 6-1.

OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP SINGLES.

Rev. C. L. Cooper, Hunt beat Sergt. Major Jewsbury 6-2, 6-1, 6-2.

CHAMPIONSHIP DOUBLES.

M. K. Lo and M. W. Lo, beat Capt. Milner Jones and F. W. Carr 10-8, 6-1.

In the "B" Singles, Seokers and Winkler had to postpone their final set owing to falling light.

Heed the call to one and all.

Buy a Spill!
The colours are of varied hue. The prizes very tempting too. Pay your money, take your choice. Buy your number and raise your Spill!
(Standard) Buy a Spill!

SERVES THE WHOLE FAMILY.

THE name of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is a household name for the deep-seated cough of the adult, the croup and whooping cough of the children. The name serves the whole family. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

COUNT CZERNIN RESIGNS

IS IT A PROTEST AGAINST
EMPEROR KARL'S LETTER?

AMSTERDAM, April 15.

A message from Vienna states that the Emperor has accepted Count Czernin's resignation.

RUMANIA AND GERMANY.

COMPELLED TO SELL CORN
SURPLUSES FOR TWO
YEARS.

AMSTERDAM, April 15.

In the Prussian Diet the Food Controller, Herr Walchow, complained of the devastating effects of clandestine trading by evading the regulations.

He added that Rumania had been compelled to sell to Germany her corn surpluses for the next two years.

SCARCITY IN UKRAINE.

FAMINE FACING THE
INHABITANTS.

ZURICH, April 15.

A correspondent of the Frankfurter Zeitung in Ukraine sends a very gloomy account of the conditions. Shops and warehouses are empty. The peasants' stocks have been depleted and the best seed corn is used for feeding cattle and for sweet distilling. The peasants have destroyed their farm machinery and have slaughtered their cattle. No agricultural labour is available for the harvest.

ORIGINAL HOME OF ZEPPELINS
DESTROYED.SERIOUS CONFLAGRATION IN
GERMANY.

BRANNE, April 15.

The great shed near Friedrichslafen, the original home of Zeppelins, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night as a result of an explosion. The flames were visible throughout Eastern Switzerland.

THE LABOURITES AND IRISH
CONSCRIPTION.UNEXPECTED OPPOSITION BY
THE PARTY.

LONDON, April 15.

The Daily News states: "A serious Government position has developed during the week-end. The Labour Party is opposed to conscription in Ireland, without Home Rule. The Labour Ministers are, therefore, considering the position. It is understood that Mr. George N. Barnes (the Minister of Pensions) is in complete disagreement on the matter."

THE COMING HOME RULE BILL.

A PARLIAMENTARY FORECAST.

LONDON, April 15.

The Daily Telegraph's Parliamentary Correspondent gives the following forecast of the Home Rule Bill:—
An Irish House of Commons composed of 200 members, 80 of whom will be guaranteed to the Unionists, and a Senate to consist of 84 members, representing different interests. Forty-two Irishmen will sit in the House of Commons. The Irish Parliament will have full power in internal legislation, administration and direct taxation. The other matters will be decided after the war.

THE IRISH CONVENTION'S
LABOURS.

AMERICAN COMMENT.

NEW YORK, April 15.

The New York Times, commenting on Sir Horace Plunkett's letter to Mr. Lloyd George, says:—"The Sir Feinners chose to obtain a Convention, ostensibly wanting a Republic, grotesquely initiated under German auspices. It remains the fashion to belabour the English because the Irish cannot decide on the sort of Government they want."

SUBMARINE BOMBARDMENT OF
MONROVIA RESUMED.

MONROVIA, April 15.

The submarine bombardment, called on the 13th inst., was resumed to-day at 10.4.

Adequate steps have been taken to protect the Libéria.

AMERICAN REVIEW OF THE
BATTLE.ENEMY TO LAUNCH AN
OFFENSIVE IN ITALY.

WASHINGTON, April 15.

The War Secretary's Weekly Review says:—

The enemy is waging battle to achieve victory. His sole aim to-day is the annihilation of the British Armies. Thus terms counts for but little. If the enemy can master driving power he will continue his assaults.

The probability of an enemy offensive in Italy as soon as the weather becomes more favourable is increasing.

AMERICAN LABOUR LEADERS IN
LONDON.IMPRESSED BY OUR GIGANTIC
EFFORT.

LONDON, April 15.

A deputation of American Labour Leaders have arrived at London on a three-week visit to the munition factories and other centres. The members, interviewed, said they were already deeply impressed by what they had already seen of Great Britain's gigantic effort.

THE SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, April 15.

The Silver Market is steady.

OBITUARY.

SENATOR STONE.

WASHINGTON, April 15.

The death is announced of Senator Stone.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE GREAT STRUGGLE.

ATTACKS REPULSED BY BRITISH.

LONDON, April 14.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

After many hours' obstinate fighting during the night and this morning about Noye village we remained in possession of the village. The attacks were pressed with great determination and the enemy's losses throughout have been heavy. The enemy to-day renewed his attempts against the village and fighting continues.

We repulsed, this morning, attacks in the neighbourhoods of Bailloult and Merria.

Our artillery dispersed infantry attempting to attack in the forenoon, north-west of Merville. The hostile artillery is more active in the neighbourhood of Albert.

AVIATION REPORT.

Reporting on aviation, Sir Douglas Haig says:—

Our low-fliers reconnoitred the battlefield dropping 1,500 bombs on the enemy's troops on the roads leading to the Front. A few air-fights took place with indecisive results. One of our machines is missing.

THE SITUATION GENERALLY
UNCHANGED.

LONDON, April 14.

Reuters' Correspondent at Headquarters, telegraphing this evening, states:—
A bitterest wind is raging in Flanders and the weather is very low.

The situation is generally unchanged and we likewise are steadily increasing our forces, consequently the battle is more stationary although it is as intense as ever.

Yesterday morning, the Germans launched a heavy attack against the length of front they have been attacking continuously but unsuccessfully for the past two days, undoubtedly calculating that the British were worn out and that another smashing blow would finish us. But fresh reinforcements helping the defenders flung back the enemy masses with terrible losses.

The methods of the enemy attacks make heavy losses absolutely inevitable. His formula of shock tactics consists in pushing forward a succession of dense waves at close intervals and as the front line is killed off others press on by the sheer weight of men behind. Frequently, the advances have been checked by a barrier of piled-up corpses.

Our rearward fighting has been most skilful and most valiant beyond words, while our machine-gunners, holding a series of little posts have poured bullets into the enemy until their ammunition has become exhausted.

The main body has slowly fallen back upon prepared positions and each backward step has been made perfectly methodically, exacting the full price for what has been yielded. Never have troops fought with such superb courage and tenacity as are now displaying. They have got their backs to the wall indeed, and Sir Douglas Haig's order has vastly heartened them. The British have learned the value of the fighting qualities of the poilu. The French are indeed magnificent. Their morale is conspicuously one of irresistible confidence.

The enemy is apparently endeavoring to gain command of the line of communications between Bailloult and the North, and he is fighting desperately with mechanical bravery and iron discipline. The enemy is also apparently hoping to envelope the forest of De Nieppe by thrusting through Hazebrouck and from thence southward, but the

tactical intelligence shows that he is progressing very little in this direction and our resistance at certain points along the line of advance is baulking his plans. After a fourth repulse at Noye village last night the enemy maintained his heavy pressure around that place, gaining a little ground at a few points east of the village. Heavy attacks south of Bailloult extending towards Merria have continued since this morning.

Yesterday morning, the enemy attempted an advance on a thousand yards front, south of Lys, but was smothered by artillery. Another advance from Ouveille was likewise flung back, while there was an intense bombardment heralding enemy infantry between Wytchate and Kemmel Ridge. When they came they were caught by a concentrated retaliatory barrage.

Our withdrawal near Locon towards La Bassée Canal was to more favourable defensive positions.

I judge the most critical period of the battle was on April 12. This was the stage when, had the enemy pressed his advantage, the consequences would have been serious. His failure to improve his opportunity was presumably because he could not. Since then, there has been a steady improvement in the general position.

The latest news is very encouraging; almost cheering. Notwithstanding the continued efforts of the enemy the line is holding.

Prisoners state that the losses were terrible and the hardships extreme.

The formidable thrust is at present arrested and every hour diminishes the enemy's prospect of success. His position, tactically, is not good and conditions might develop to render it distinctly bad.

NO INFANTRY ACTIONS ON
FRENCH FRONT.

LONDON, April 14.

A French communiqué states:—
There were reciprocal bombardments at several parts of the Front but no infantry actions.

GERMAN REPORT.

LONDON, April 14.

A German official message reports successful engagements between Nieuwkerke and Vieux Birquin.

THE "REINLAND" SALVED.

STOCKHOLM, April 15.

The German battleship *Reinland*, which was said to have grounded off the island of Heligoland, is reported to have been refloated, but is badly damaged.

BRITISH WAR FINANCE.

INTERESTING SPEECH BY SIR
FELIX SCHUSTER.

Sir Felix Schuster, Governor of the Union of London and Smiths Bank, Limited, in the course of his address at the annual general meeting of shareholders on January 30th alluded to Government finance in the following terms:—

The figures dealt with are on such a gigantic scale that they would scarcely have been conceivable to any of us before the war. The Budget introduced in May last gave the actual expenditure of one year at 2,200 millions and a revenue of 578 millions. Of the total National Expenditure during the war, no less than 1,137 millions, or fully 25 per cent., had been provided out of revenue. This is a very important point which struck me when I went over the figures. It is important to bear in mind when sometimes we look forward with anxiety to the huge accumulation of debt; how is the interest to be met? Well, we have paid 25 per cent. out of revenue, and provided this large amount of 1,137 millions during the war. I think that may be a comfort to us in looking at the finance of the future. The estimated expenditure for the present financial year came to 2,200 millions, the total estimated revenue to 638 millions, leaving a balance to be provided by loans of 1,560 millions. By the 31st December the estimated increase in revenue for the whole year had already been exceeded by 42 millions. Expenditure, of course, has also greatly exceeded the estimate. During the year 1917 the amount of new money obtained by means of the War Loan issued in January was 947 millions, the total of this Loan, including Conversion Amounts, being about 2,100 millions. Exchequer Bonds produced 282,000,000; War Savings Certificates, 668,000,000; other Debt, which includes loans raised abroad, but from which allowance will have to be made for our advances to Allies, amounted to 650 millions, and National War Bonds to 207 millions. While the amount of Treasury Bills paid off on balance was 37 millions. Thus it can be maintained that not only did the War Loan attain a far greater success than the most optimistic forecasts anticipated, but the financial policy in its endeavour to reduce floating debt and replace it by more permanent forms of loans is one that has already been successful to a certain degree and should be further extended. I think it is in the hands of the public at large to support the Government's financial policy to their utmost, and if they do so the issue of another huge loan, with all its attendant disadvantages and dislocation of the money market, will be quite unnecessary. The present method of continuous borrowing entails the least disturbance of the money market and

is, I am glad to think, our figures in the Bank show it—highly successful. The applications for War Bonds have been on an increasing scale during the last few weeks, the subscriptions reaching 25 to 30 millions a week, and if this rate can be maintained or increased, borrowing by any other method would not be required. The Government have indeed placed at the disposal of the public a security which appeals to every class of investor, both small and large; to him who wants a short investment, to him who wants a long one, together with the opportunity of converting into the old War Loan and an option to secure any new loan that may be issued, leaving him the choice also of a security subject to income-tax or one on which the tax has been compounded. Indeed the merits of the issue, which have been very carefully thought out, seem only now to have been recognized in wider circles, and what is most satisfactory is the greater interest which smaller investors are taking in our Government issues. Through the courtesy of the Chairman of the War Savings Committee I have been able to obtain certain figures which show the cash contributions of the British investors, and I should like to say that the work undertaken and successfully carried out by the National War Savings Committee cannot be sufficiently commended and is, in my opinion, hardly yet recognized. There are now 1,540 Committees in England and Wales, and the number of affiliated Associations throughout England and Wales is 38,400, and there are about 4,000 more in Scotland. The total number of War Savings Certificates sold to the 20th January was 144,000,000—this is the number of certificates and not the sterling equivalent. The membership of the War Savings Associations is over four millions, who are contributing weekly to the National Exchequer small sums of 6d. and upwards. There are 11,540 Associations in schools throughout the country, and in many of these the contributions are accepted in pence. The movement must have a most important influence and is bound to have a considerable effect on the habits of the coming generation. In estimating the value of the sums collected from the small investor the public should recognize that this is mostly money which, if not saved in this way, would have been spent on the very articles of which there is a shortage at the present time and is, therefore, almost more valuable saving than the amount would signify. A good many Local Authorities bear a great portion of the expenses of their Local Committees, and justify their action by the argument that the promotion of habits of thrift will diminish pauperism in their district and thereby relieve the rates. While this saving has been going on there has been no decrease in Post Office Savings Bank deposits, which at the beginning of the war were 188 millions while now they are 203 millions, and the Trustee Savings Bank deposits have only decreased by about 2½ millions. The total subscribed in 1917 War Savings Certificates was 244 millions, bringing the aggregate received for War Savings Certificates up to 1,054 millions. The amount invested in Government securities through the Trustee Savings Banks is 15 millions. The total investments of the small investor in Government securities are estimated to have been 258 millions up to the end of last year. Only those who have any experience of what it means to collect such amounts in small sums can really appreciate the magnitude of the effort which has been put forth in this direction, and I do not think the public can do better than read the pamphlet issued by the National War Savings Committee and give the Committee most cordial support, for not only does this work assist in carrying on the war, but the educational service in promoting habits of thrift and teaching the public their benefit must be of incalculable value in the future.

If the small investor has thus come forward he is giving evidence of his saving power and confidence in the future of the country; those whose income is on a larger scale have an even more imperative duty to do all they can so that financial considerations shall not interfere with the successful prosecution of the war, and they can do so not only by investing to the largest possible degree but, and more especially, by reducing expenditure to the lowest possible limits.

While War Bonds are, as I have tried to show, offering an attractive form of investment and should appeal to everyone, other methods have been advocated and particularly that of borrowing on premium bonds, a not very clearly defined expression, and opinions seem to vary as to what it actually means. The Parliamentary Committee appointed for the purpose of considering this form of borrowing did not recommend it, and perhaps it may be of interest to give you the best American opinion on the subject, obtained from one who is now on the spot and in the best position to judge. They consider that such a form of borrowing would be regarded as a weakening of public morale in this country and a failure of the appeal to patriotism; that such bonds are usually associated with countries whose credit does not rank very high; that such borrowing would

be regarded like a drug which is difficult to wean from, so that any good results likely to be obtained would be more than outweighed by the greater harm to morale and credit.

In certain quarters there has been a call for what is styled conscription of wealth or levy on capital. How this is to operate or to be carried into effect has never been clearly defined, and let it be remembered that the contributions of invested capital to the revenue of the country by way of income tax, super tax and death duties are already on a very considerable scale. But were it true that capital is only a helpmate to the idle rich to spend their lives in ease and luxury, then, I should say, by all means let capital go. But all workers must know that capital is essential for the carrying on of all our industries, for calling into life new enterprises, for finding employment and providing better conditions and a higher standard of living to millions of our population. No doubt it has its duties too, which are becoming more and more recognized, but the working classes themselves must know that in their own interests capital must not be either curtailed or driven out of the country, but rather attracted to it. Apart, however, from mere questions of self-interest, I cannot for a moment believe that any repudiation of obligations once incurred, or interference with public or private credit could possibly commend themselves to the people who went to war for a "sump of paper."

These remarks were put down before the debate in the House last night. I do not know that that debate adds very much to our knowledge. We are told that it is a purely academic question. If so, I think it is a pity it has been raised, because discussions of purely academic questions at such a time can do no possible good, and they certainly give rise to a great feeling of insecurity all over the country. What is in the mind of the Chancellor of the Exchequer is quite a different thing, it appears to me, from what certain advocates of that policy have in their minds, and I think that should be clearly stated and recognized. As I said, capital contributes already very largely. Death duties are a levy on capital—a very heavy one, and one which at some time may have quite serious influences.

Mr. JOHN HENNESSY: We cannot do without capital, sir.

The GOVERNOR: No. I did not want to give you too many figures, but I have had a return before me which is very interesting. It shows in all cases a decrease in the number of super tax payers, in each class in which they are graduated. One form of Government indebtedness shows an increase which I admit gives me some concern and the cause of which I do not quite understand. I allude to the currency notes, which now amount to £212,500,000. I cannot think how there can be such demand for this large volume of small currency, and this is certainly a form of inflation which ought to be very carefully watched and should be reduced at the earliest moment.

There is a critical period before us, not only as regards the conduct of the war itself during the next few months, but also as regards the financial and economic questions that will have to be solved when the war comes to an end. We shall have to face both with endurance and fortitude. Taxation must necessarily be high and remain so for many years. It will test the powers of statesmanship and foresight to the utmost to devise the best means for raising taxation so as to produce the largest revenue and interfere as little as possible with the industrial development of the country. The country will have to produce more and to buy less, and taxation should, in my opinion, not be based only upon income, but especially upon expenditure, and particularly in respect of expenditure upon luxuries. Everyone of us will be poorer with very few exceptions. Everyone of us will have to work harder than ever before, to spend less, to save more, and every effort must be made for increased output of individual effort and national production. If such efforts be made and sustained I feel that we can face the future with hope and confidence.

SHANGHAI GAS CO. DIVIDEND.

The directors of the Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd., have decided to recommend payment of a dividend for 1917 of 11.25 per cent., being at the rate of five per cent. on the paid up capital and that Tls. 140,365.19 be written off the depreciation of plant and buildings, Tls. 80,000 transferred to renewals and depreciation account, and Tls. 30,453.57 carried forward to next account.

A PARENT'S DUTY.

YOUR boy is always getting scratched or cut or bruised. Because these wounds have no pain right now, you sign away his health. Get a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and see that every injury is cared for immediately. It cures everything better and blood purifier. It is a home remedy to risk for sale by all Chemists and Dispensaries.

JUST RECEIVED A NEW SHIPMENT OF
ZENOBIA PERFUMERY
Lily of the Valley, Sweet Pea, Purple Heather,
Rose Supreme, Carnation, Freesia.
ZENOBIA BATH SALTS.
VICTORIA DISPENSARY.
Telephone 298.

"Only one can be best!" and the best left
the "just as good" kind, is it?
The best Roofing is
"MALTHOID"
because a "Malthoid" experience of over a
quarter of a century is found in every yard.
Ask our experts, who will instruct or super-
vise FREE, and whose experience entitles
them to your confidence! Use "Malthoid"
as they recommend! then tell your friends
what you think of it!

WATERPROOF!
CHEAP!
CLEAN!
LIGHT!
SAFE!
SNOWPROOF!

"MALTHOID."
Agents, BRADLEY & Co., Ltd.
HONGKONG.

You be the Judge
From any point that you wish to Judge it,
PETER DAWSON WHISKY
is all that could be asked.
There is a good reason for the many friends it has won.
STOCKED BY ALL DEALERS.
SOLE AGENTS:—
H. RUTTONJEE & SON,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

TOMBOLA
(IN AID OF
WAR CHARITIES)
SOCIETY OF ST. GEORGE, HONGKONG.
THE PRIZES WILL AVERAGE 6
FOR EVERY 100 SPILLS SOLD.
There are in all 2,000 Prizes Valued at
Approximately \$20,000.

Purchasers of Spills containing
numbers must keep such Spills until
St. George's Day when the Prizes
will be drawn in public view.

Spills \$1.00 each are on Sale at all
Clubs, Hotels, Stores, etc.
PRIZES are on SHOW at 13, Queen's Road
Central (next door to Astor House Hotel)

Among the presents received for the **TOMBOLA** are the
following:—
Diamond Dragon Fly brooch.
Large Diamond Bar brooch.
Turquoise and pearl bracelet.
Thick solid gold bangle.
Amethyst pendant.
Gold chain bag.
Gold fountain pen.
Gold links.
Gold watches.
Wristlet watches.
Quantities of cut glass.
Innumerable Silver articles.
Two pianos.
Gramophones.
Sewing machine.
Typewriter.
Clocks.
Incenseburners.
Dozens of Pictures.
Curtains and fancy goods.
Several War Bonds, etc.

HONGKONG DEFENCE CORPS.

Orders for Ammunition Company by Capt. J. H. W. Armstrong, V.D.

Parades at Belcher's Barracks.

Friday, 10th April.

7.30 a.m.—Right Half Company. Layers' and Settlers' Class only.

Orders for Engineer Company by Captain W. Russell.

10th to 15th April.

Parades as per orders at Headquarters.

Regimental Drivers at 8.15 p.m. Electricians at 8.30 p.m.

OFFICERS NEXT FOR DUTY.

Belcher's: 2nd Lieut. Matthews.

Lyons: 2nd Lieut. Templeton.

Stonewall: Lieut. Stevenson.

INSTRUCTION FOR N.C.O.s AND MEN OF THE INFANTRY REGIMENT ATTACHED FOR DUTY.

Class 1 at Belcher's at 9.30 p.m. on Tuesday and Thursday.

Class 2 at Belcher's at 9.30 p.m. on Tuesday and Friday.

Class 3 at Lyons on 10th April at 9.30 p.m. on Tuesday and Friday, under Staff Sergeant.

Class 4 at Lyons on 10th April at 9.30 p.m. on Tuesday and Friday, under Staff Sergeant.

Class 5 at Lyons on 10th April at 9.30 p.m. on Tuesday and Friday, under Staff Sergeant.

Orders for Infantry Battalion by Major H. A. Morgan.

Machine Gun Company.

Wednesday, 17th April.

5.10 p.m.—Drill at Headquarters, Nos. 4 and 5 (one only).

Thursday, 18th April.

5.10 p.m.—Drill at Headquarters. The following men only attend:—

Platoon, Field, Troop, Lyons, A. C. D. Lyons, C. B. Lyons, McKenna, Lyons, and Lyons.

Mounted Section.

Thursday, 18th April.

5.30 p.m.—At Jockey Club Stables.

Dress, drill order without rifles.

Signalling Section.

Friday, 19th April.

5.30 p.m.—Parade at Headquarters.

Dress, dress fatigue.

Friday, 19th April.

5.15 p.m.—All units except "D" Company on Murray Parade Ground, under Sgt. Edwards and Corp. Grimes. Dress, drill order.

Orders for Cadet Company by 2nd Lieut. J. E. R. Board.

Parades.

Wednesday, 17th April.

6.15 p.m.—Nos. 3 and 4 Sections at Yau Ma Tei Football Ground. Squad drill.

5.50 p.m.—Band Practice at Headquarters.

NOTICE.

Sergeant Mess. The quarterly meeting of the members of the Sergeants' Mess will be held in the Mess Room at 7 p.m. on Thursday, 18th inst.

Every member not on duty is to attend.

G. E. STEWART, Captain.

Adjutant, H.K. Defence Corps.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

Orders issued by Mr. F. C. Jenkins, C.B.E., D.S.P. (R.).

SANITARY DEPARTMENT OFFICERS.

Reference Orders of March 6th and 7th, Police Reservists who are also members of the Sanitary Department will now report for full duty.

SERVICE RIFLES.

The following will report in uniform at Central Armory at 5.15 p.m. sharp on Friday next, April 19th, and return their rifles—

835 Perry, 714 Hunter, 648 Stiles, 788 Tully, 880 Hassan, 821 Unif, 233 Santos and Trooper Hodges.

STENOGRAPHERS.

P.O. 830 Rock is permitted to resign leaving the Colony.

By Order.

T. F. Hovell, A.S.P. (R.), and Adjutant.

To-day's Advertisements.

THE CHINESE OPTICAL CO.

67 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Refraction & Manufacturing.

In charge of American Graduate Optician.

Special Rate.

For vision, Myopia and Stenosis.

Toxic Lenses. Invisible Bifocals.

Cracks Lenses and all kinds of eye.

Glasses, Frames and Protection.

VISITORS AT THE HOTELS.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

Mr. D. Abraham, Capt. T. L. Larsen.

Mr. G. S. Archibald, Mr. and Mrs. C.

Mr. J. H. Baring, Mr. A. R. Lay.

Mr. H. A. Baxter, Mr. and Mrs. J. Lennox.

Mr. L. Beckingsale, Mr. C. Little.

Mr. E. R. Bellios, Mr. H. W. Lucas.

Mr. G. Bentley, Mr. G. Luchin.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Macdonald.

Mr. R. J. Birbeck, Dr. G. W. Mackean.

Mr. J. D. Birrell, Dr. and Mrs. O.

Mr. C. O. Bohanan, Mr. and Mrs. L.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Boyce.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Branch, Mr. J. Merck.

Mr. J. W. G. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. W. P.

Mr. W. H. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. W. P.

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Mr. W. H. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. W. P.

HONGKONG MARKET PRICES.

Butcher Meat.

Beef Sirloin, Mid Long Pa. each 10.

Prime Cut, each 10.

Corned, Ham Ngau Yuk, each 10.

Roast, Shio, each 10.

Brast, Ngau Nam, each 10.

Soup, Tong Yuk, each 10.

Steak, Ngau Yuk Pa, each 10.

Steak Sirloin, Ngau Lau, each 10.

Sausages, Ngau Cheung, each 10.

Bullock's Brains, Ngau No per set 10.

Tongue, fresh, Ngau Li each 60.

Tongue, corned, Ham Ngau Li each 60.

Head, Ngau Tan, each 100.

Heart, Ngau Sam, each 10.

Hump, Salt, Ngau Kin, each 10.

Feet, Ngau Kank, each 10.

Kidney, Ngau Yiu, each 10.

Tail, Ngau Mei, each 10.

Liver, Ngau Kank, each 10.

Tripe (undressed), Ngau To, each 10.

Calves' Head and Feet, Ngau Mei, each 10.

Mutton Chops, Young Fat Kwa, each 10.

Leg, Young Fat, each 10.

Shoulder, Young Fat, each 10.

Saddle, Young Fat, each 10.

Feet, Chiu No, each 10.

Fry, Chiu Chap, each 10.

Head, Chiu Tan, each 10.

Heart, Chiu Sam, each 10.

Kidney, Chiu Yiu, each 10.

Liver, Chiu Kank, each 10.

Pork Chops, Chiu Pui Kwai, each 10.

Leg, Chiu Pui, each 10.

Lois, Chiu Hau Tan, each 10.

Fat, Chiu Yiu, each 10.

Sheep's Head and Feet, Young Fat, each 10.

Heart, Young Fat, each 10.

Kidney, Young Fat, each 10.

Liver, Young Fat, each 10.

Sucking Pigs, to order, Chiu Tai, each 10.

Suet, Beef, Shing Ngau Yuk, each 10.

Mutton, Shing Yung Yau, each 10.

Veal, Ngau Tai Yuk, each 10.

Sausages, Ngau Tai Cheung, each 10.

Lard, Chiu Yau, each 10.

Fish.

Barbel, Ka Yu, each 10.

Bream, Pin Yu, each 10.

Canton Fresh Water Fish, Hoi Sin Yu, each 10.

Carpi, Li Yu, each 10.

Catfish, Chiu Yu, each 10.

Codfish, Mun Yu, each 10.

Cray, Hoi, each 10.

Cuttle Fish, Muk Yu, each 10.

Dab, Shu Mang Yu, each 10.

Dace, Wong Mei Lap, each 10.

Dog Fish, Tin To Sha, each 10.

Eel, Congee, Hoi Man, each 10.

Fried Fish, Tan Shui Yu, each 10.

Yellow, Wong Sin, each 10.

Frog, Tin Hoi, each 10.

Grouper, Shok Pan, each 10.

Groddon, Pak Kap Yu, each 10.

Herring, Tin Pak, each 10.

Halibut, Cheung Kwan Kap, each 10.

Labrus, Wong Yu, each 10.

Loach, Wu Yu, each 10.

Lobster, Lung Ha, each 10.

Mackerel, Chi Yu, each 10.

Monk Fish, Mong Yu, each 10.

Mullet, Tai Yu, each 10.

Oysters, Shing Ho, each 10.

Parrut Fish, Kai Kung Yu, each 10.

Pike, Tai Pa Fong, each 10.

Plaice, Pan Yu, each 10.

Pomfret, Black, Hak Chong, each 10.

Pomfret, White, Pak Chong, each 10.

Prawn, Ming Ha, each 10.

Ray, Tai Pa Sha, each 10.

Rock Fish, Shok Kung, each 10.

Rosch, Chiu Yu, each 10.

Salmon, Ma Yu, each 10.

Shark, Shu Yu, each 10.

Snake, Po Yu, each 10.

State, Shu Yu, each 10.

Shrimp, Ha Yu, each 10.

Snapper, Lap Yu, each 10.

Sole, Tai Shu Yu, each 10.

Tan, Shu Yu, each 10.

Turbot, Tai Shu Yu, each 10.

Turtles, small, fresh water, each 10.

Poultry.

Chicken, Kai Tai, each 10.

Opium, Small, Sin Kai, each 10.

Opium, Large, Sin Kai, each 10.

Duck, Lo, each 10.

Over, Pan Kau, each 10.

Eggs, Hen, Tai Tan (fresh), per doz. 15.

Eggs, Hen, Kai Tan (fresh), per doz. 15.

Fowls, Canton, Hoi Nam Kai, each 10.

Goose, Ngo, each 10.

Pigeons, Canton, Pak Kap, each 10.

Holbro, Hoi Hau Pak Kap, each 10.

T. rery, Cock, Fo Kai Kwai, each 10.

To, Key, Hen, Fo Kai Na, each 10.

Suip, Tai Tan, each 10.

Phas, Shu Kai, each 10.

Quail, One Chun, each 10.

Partridges, Tai Ku, each 10.

Fruits.